# **Clinical Image**

## **Bullous systemic lupus erythematosus**

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25-year-old male presented with vaguely painful and pruritic vesicles and bullae on the oral cavity, abdomen, and superior limbs with symmetrical dissemination, which appeared over the past 3 weeks. No clinical history of importance. The physical examination showed a pallid and prostrated patient, with arterial hypertension (190/110); with several symmetrical dermal vesicles and bullae located on the abdomen and superior limbs (Fig. 1) and on the oral cavity varying from 1.5mm to 4 cm. No lymphadenopathy and sigs of arthritis were identified. Laboratory tests revealed a complete blood cell count with hemoglobin levels of 10.5 g/dL (12.7-15.7 g/DL), leukocytes of  $2956/\text{mm}^3 (4.3-10.7 \times 10^3)$ , and platelet count of 120,000/mm<sup>3</sup> (150-350 × 10<sup>3</sup>). Urinalysis shown proteinuria, hematuria, and leukocyturia. The direct Coombs assay, anti-nuclear antibodies, anti-double-stranded DNA, and anti-histone were positive. Histopathological analysis reported subepidermal discontinuity associated with neutrophilic infiltrate and direct immunofluorescence was positive for IgG, staining the basement membrane. Elisa was positive for antibodies against type VII collagen. The diagnosis was bullous systemic lupus erythematosus (BSLE) and he was treated successful with rituximab due to poor response to steroid use.

BSLE is an infrequent illness, with an incidence of 3.4 case per million per year, which predominantly develops in females, and less habitually in males [1]. This malady is characterized by vesicles and bullae located on superior trunk, lips, and superior limbs with symmetrical distribution, while mucosal lesions are usual on pharyngeal, laryngeal, and genital regions that progress with no scratching [2]. Our patient responded satisfactorily to rituximab therapy [3].

#### **Learning Points**

 Patient education is fundamental in the treatment of BSLE

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Figure 1: Bullous lesions of varying sizes over erythematosus macules on the right shoulder and upper arm

- BSLE is an autoimmune disease with various multiorgan involvements, it is crucial to avoid frequent complications include infection, medication side effects, and sloughing esophagitis
- BSLE infrequently recurred

#### CONSENT FOR PUBLICATION

Written informed consent was obtained from the patient for publication of this case report and all accompanying images. The patient understands that while every effort is made to maintain the

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confidentiality of their identity, names, and initials, anonymity cannot be guaranteed.

#### **AUTHORS' CONTRIBUTIONS**

All authors contributed to the completion of this work. The final manuscript was read and approved by all authors.

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