A previously healthy 49-year-old woman presented after experiencing cough, fever, and sore throat. One month earlier, cough and sore throat had developed, which had been gradually worsening. She also reported a fever for three days. She denied auricular pain, eye redness, and nose pain. She had been treated with an antihistamine, long-acting β2-agonist, and inhaled corticosteroid, but her symptoms had not changed. Her initial vital signs showed a temperature of 36.3°C, a heart rate of 101 beats per minute, a blood pressure of 102/58 mm Hg, a respiratory rate of 12 breaths per minute, and an oxygen saturation of 98% while the patient was breathing ambient air. Physical examination revealed tenderness of several costosternal joints without wheezing and stridor. Laboratory results showed an erythrocyte sedimentation rate of 119 mm per hour (reference range, 1–11). A chest radiograph showed a diffusely thickened right paratracheal stripe (Fig. 1a). She was treated with oral prednisolone at a dose of 25 mg per day, and her symptoms were alleviated within a week. She had chondritis in two separate anatomic locations that responded to prednisolone. Therefore, a diagnosis of relapsing polychondritis (RPC) was made. A repeat chest radiograph 8 months after the initial presentation showed complete resolution of the tracheal wall thickening (Fig. 1b).

RPC is a rare autoimmune disorder in which the cartilaginous tissues are the primary targets of destruction. More than half of patients with RPC will develop respiratory symptoms such as dyspnea, cough, and stridor during the course of the disease [1]. The radiological features of RPC are focal or diffuse smooth wall thickening of the anterior and lateral tracheal walls [2] The differential diagnosis for tracheal wall thickening includes amyloidosis, sarcoidosis, ulcerative colitis, granulomatosus with polyangiitis, tracheopathia osteochondroplastica, various infections, asthma, and malignancies [3]. This case illustrates that a chest radiograph can show respiratory involvement of RPC.

REFERENCES